ADVANCE APPROPRIATIONS

An advance appropriation is one made to become available one year or more beyond the year for which the appropriations act is passed. Advance appropriations in 2020 appropriations acts will become available for programs in 2021 or beyond. Since these appropriations are not available until after 2020, the amounts will not be included in the 2020 totals, but will be reflected in the totals for the year for which they are requested.

The Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (31 U.S.C. 1105(a)(17)) requires inclusion in the budget of "information on estimates of appropriations for the fiscal year following the fiscal year for which the budget is submitted for grants, contracts, and other payments under each program for which there is an authorization of appropriations for that following fiscal year when the appropriations are authorized to be included in an appropriation law for the fiscal year before the fiscal year in which the appropriation is to be available for obligation." In fulfillment of this requirement, the accompanying table lists those accounts that have either received discretionary or mandatory advance appropriations since 2018 or will request, in 2020, advance appropriations for 2021 and beyond and cites the applicable authorizing statute.

The Continuing Appropriations Act, 2019 (Division C of Public Law 115–245, as amended), which was in place for the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) at the time the Budget was prepared, does not explicitly address advance appropriations for 2020. As a result, this Budget, as illustrated by the accompanying table, assumes a full-year continuing resolution for HUD will be enacted and that specific legislative anomaly language will be included to make 2020 advance appropriations available. This is in order to ensure comparability with annual funding provided under the Continuing Appropriations Act, 2019, and to depict accurately the 2020 discretionary request levels compared to the discretionary budget authority caps enacted in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended. The Budget assumes that the 2020 level that would be enacted in the legislative anomaly for discretionary appropriations for HUD is equal to the 2019 advance appropriations that were enacted for HUD in the 2018 appropriations acts.

For additional information on advance appropriations, please refer to the Budget Process chapter in the Analytical Perspectives volume.

Advance Appropriations by Agency in the 2020 Budget

(Budget authority in millions of dollars)

	Pre-cancellation, Pre-Transfer Enacted				
	0010	Levels ¹	0000	0001	
Agency/Program	2018	2019	2020	2021 Request	
Discretionary One-year Advances:					
Department of Education (20 U.S.C. 1223):					
Education for the Disadvantaged	10,841	10,841	10,841	11,682	
Special Education	9,283	9,283	9,283	10,124	
Career, Technical, and Adult Education	791	791	791	791	
School Improvement Programs	1,681	1,681	1,681		
Department of Housing and Urban Development (42 U.S.C. 1437 et seq.):	4.000	4.000	4.000	4 000	
Tenant-Based Rental Assistance	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	
Project-Based Rental Assistance	400	400	400	400	
Department of Labor: Training and Employment Services (29 U.S.C. 2801 et					
seq.)	1,772	1,772	1,772	1,686	
Enacted Cancellation (Public Laws 115–141 and	-13	-53			
115–245) Proposed Cancellation of 2020 Enacted	-13	-33			
Advance			-86		
		•••••	00		
Department of Veterans Affairs (Public Law 111–81):					
Medical Services	44.887	49,161	51,411	56,158	
Medical Support and Compliance	6,654	7,239	7,239	7,914	
Enacted Cancellations (Public Law 115–244)		-211			
Medical Facilities	5,435	5,914	6,142	6,433	
Medical Community Care	9,409	8,385	10,758	17,131	
Discretionary Two-year Advances: Corporation for Public Broadcasting (47 U.S.C.					
396)1	445	445	445	445	
Proposed Cancellation of 2020 and 2021 Enacted			415	415	
Advances					
Subtotal, Discretionary Advance Appropriations	95,585	99,648	104,262	116,349	
Mandatory:					
Department of Health and Human Services:					
Grants to States for Medicaid (42 U.S.C. 1396–1)	125,219	134,848	137,932	139,903	
Payments to States for Child Support Enforcement and	120,210	10 1,0 10	107,002	100,000	
Family Support (24 U.S.C. Ch. 7)	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	
Payments for Foster Care and Permanency (Public Law					
96–272)	2,500	2,700	2,800	3,000	
Department of Labor:					
Special Benefits for Disabled Coal Miners (30 U.S.C.					
921)	16	15	14	14	
Department of Veterans Affairs (Public Law					
113–235): ²	00 110	05 700	100 017	116 107	
Compensation and Pensions	90,119 13.709	95,768 11,832	109,017 14.065	116,187 12.550	
Veterans Insurance and Indemnities	13,709	11,832	14,065	12,550	
	100	103	111	123	
Social Security Administration:					
Supplemental Security Income Program (42 U.S.C.	15,000	19,500	19,700	19,900	
1381)					
Total, Advance Appropriations	343,656	365,820	389,301	409,432	

¹ Historically, the Corporation for Public Broadcasting is provided a two-year advance appropriation. The 2020 request does not include any advance appropriations for the Corporation in 2022.

²The 2021 amounts are net of the \$614 million in savings for Compensation and Pension and \$29 million in savings for Readjustment Benefits that will result from enactment of authorizing legislation that is proposed as part of the 2020 President's Budget.